



Strategic HF Radio Propagation

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Terminology

- ▶ Fo is the F2 Layer Critical Frequency (used in NVIS)
- ▶ MUF is the Maximum Usable Frequency
- ▶ LUF is the Lowest Usable Frequency
- ▶ OWF is the Optimal Working Frequency
- ▶ SFI is Solar Flux Index, radiation measured at 2800Mhz
- ▶ SSN is Smoothed Sun Spot Number
- ▶ Planetary K Index is a measure of the magnetic field (log scale 0-9)
- ▶ Planetary A Index is a measure of the magnetic field (linear scale 0-400)

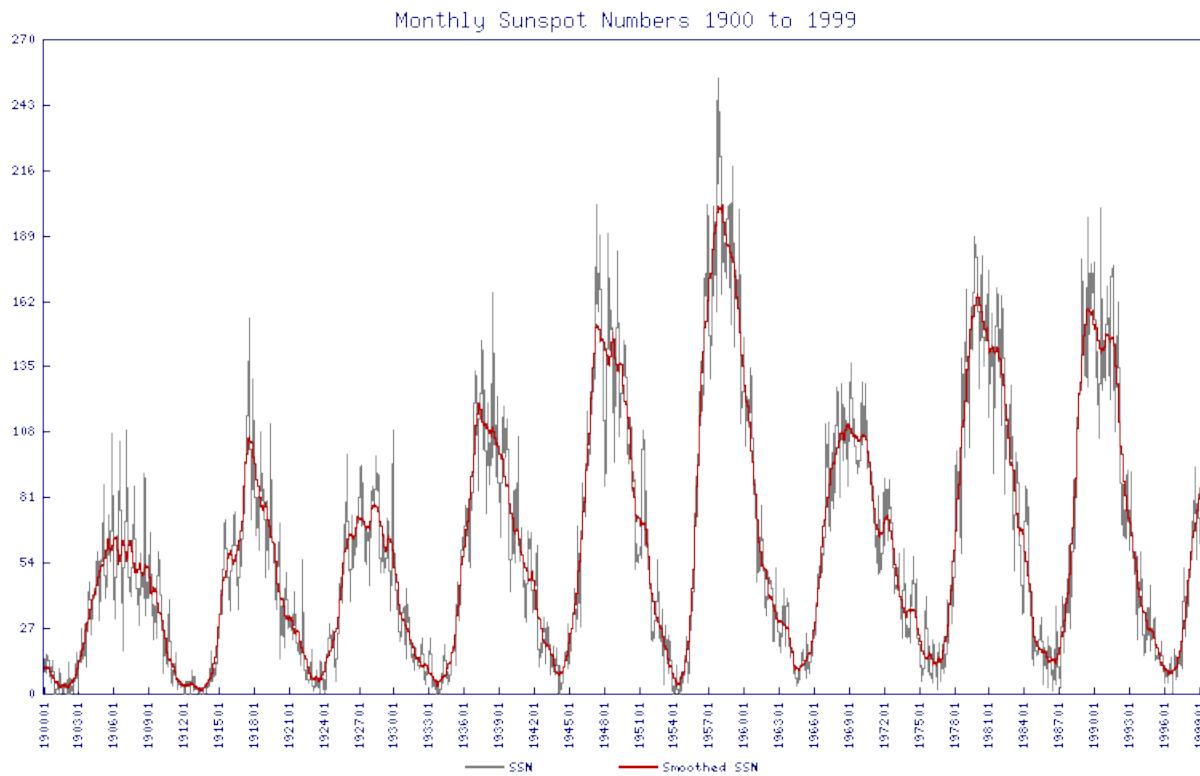


Cycles

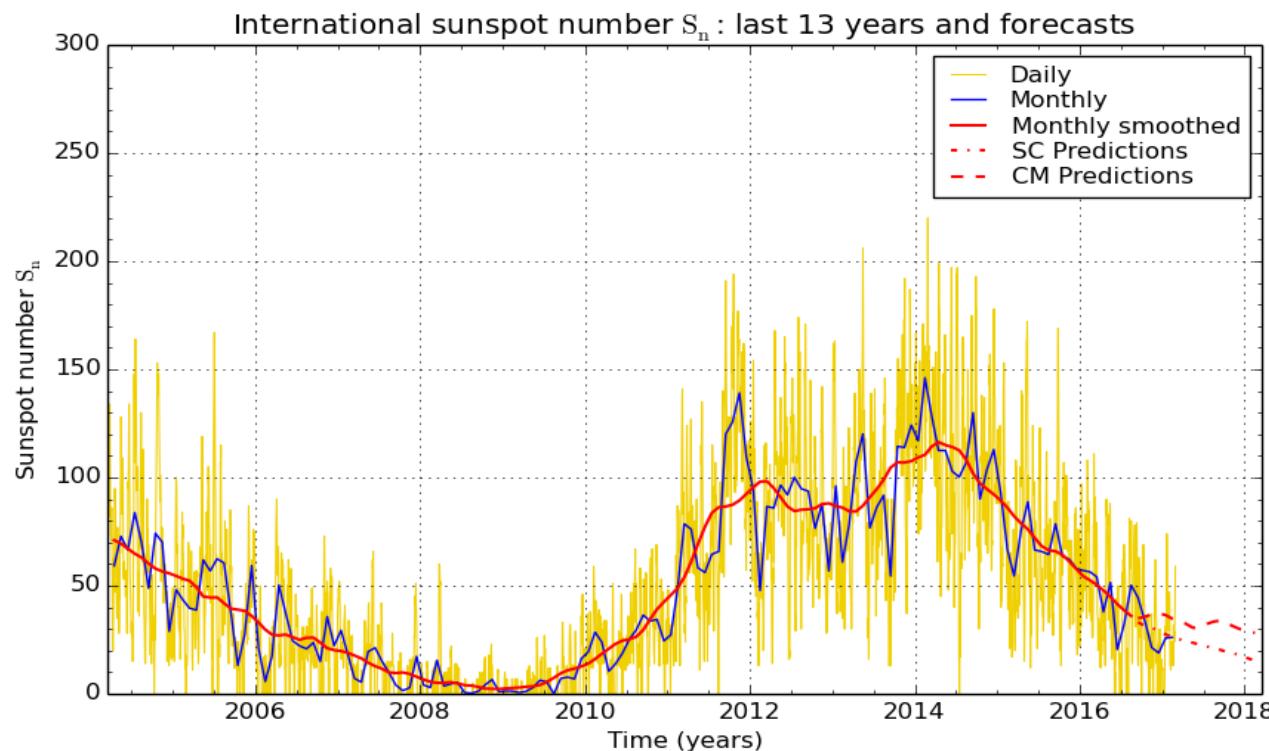
- ▶ 11 year solar cycle
- ▶ Earth Orbit around the Sun: Summer/Winter and Spring/Autumn Equinox
- ▶ 28-day rotation on the Sun's axis
- ▶ 24-hour rotation on the Earth's axis



Sun Spot Cycle



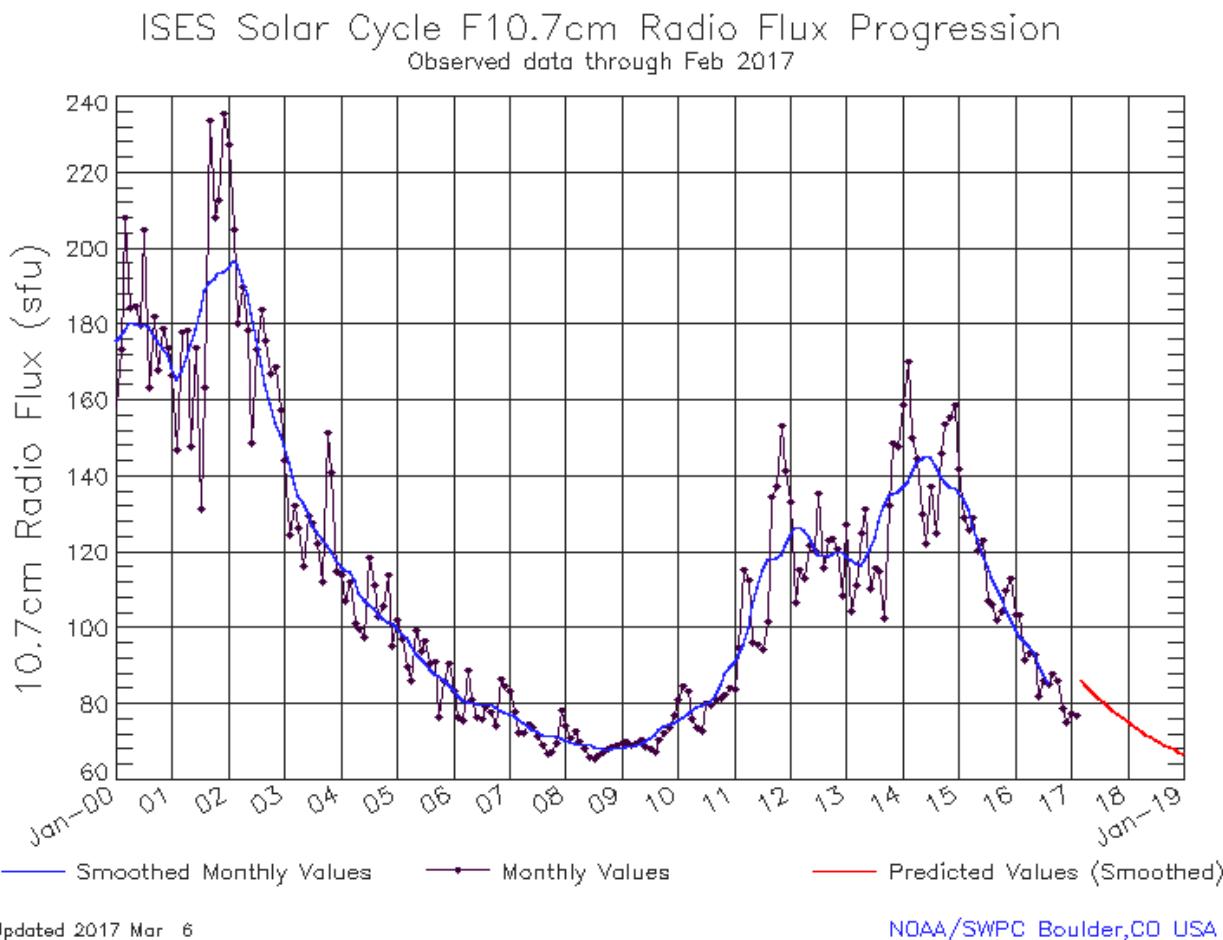
Solar Cycle 24 Ends



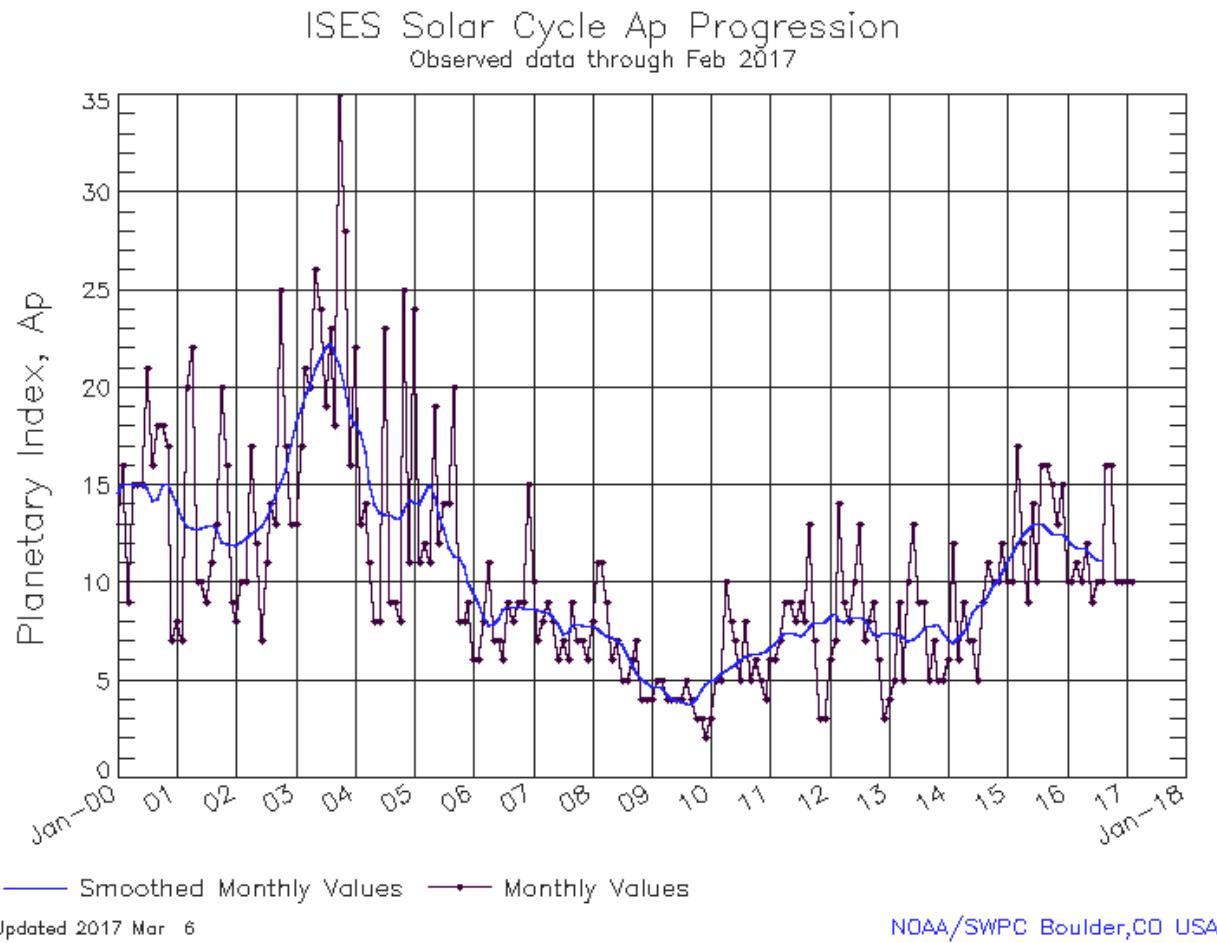
SILSO graphics (<http://sidc.be/silso>) Royal Observatory of Belgium 2017 March 1



Solar Flux Index



Planetary A Index



Skywave Propagation

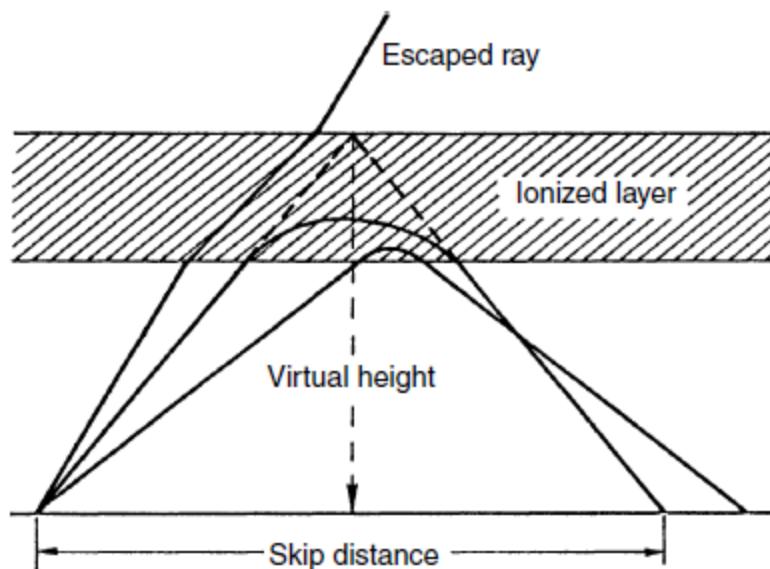
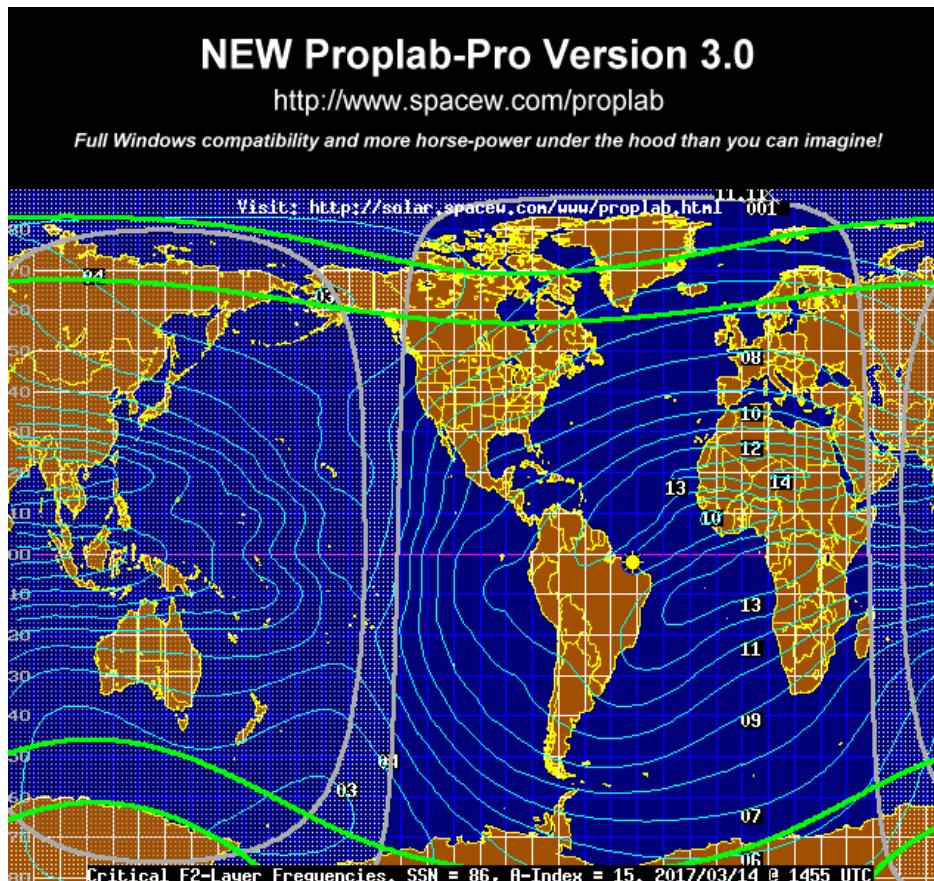


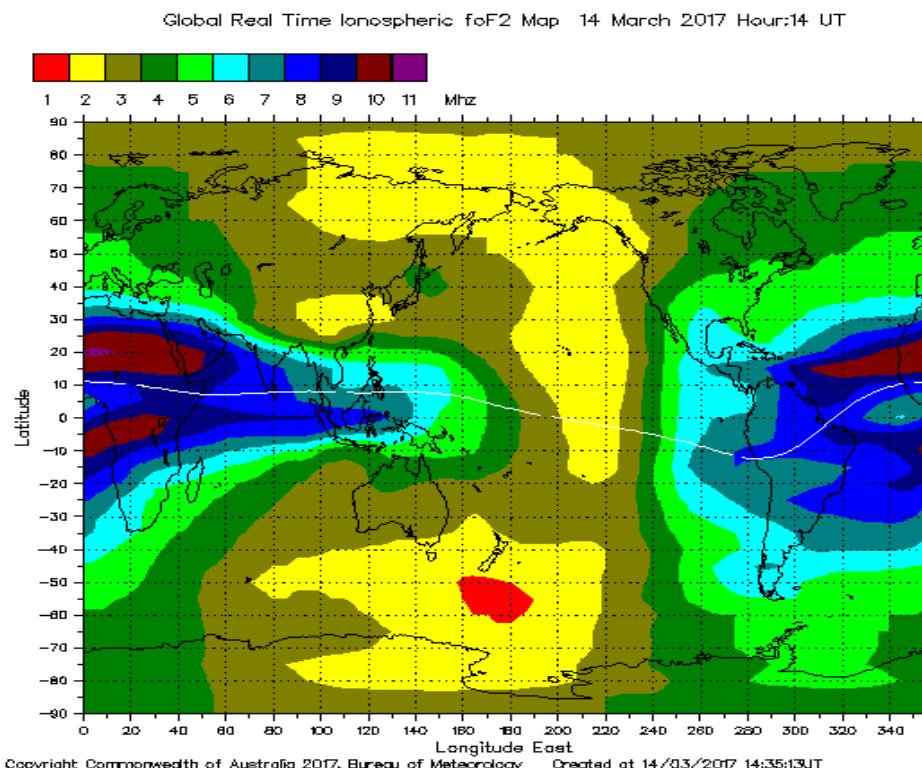
Figure 1.13 Sky wave propagation



F2 Layer Critical Frequency



Ionosounding NVIS Predictions



NVIS Tests

February 6, 2017

N4YOU, Carolina Windom @30ft

KB9DKR, Alpha-Delta DXLB-Plus @28ft

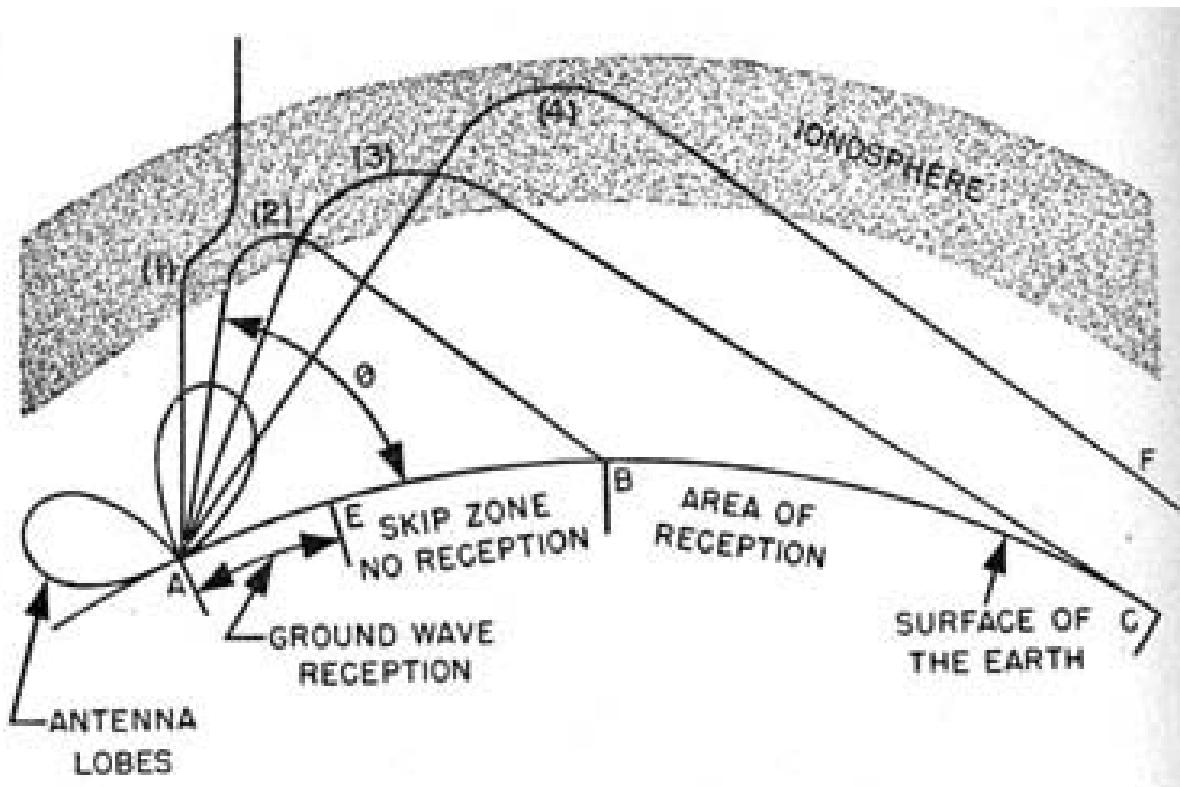
Distance: 15 miles

Time (Z): 19:00

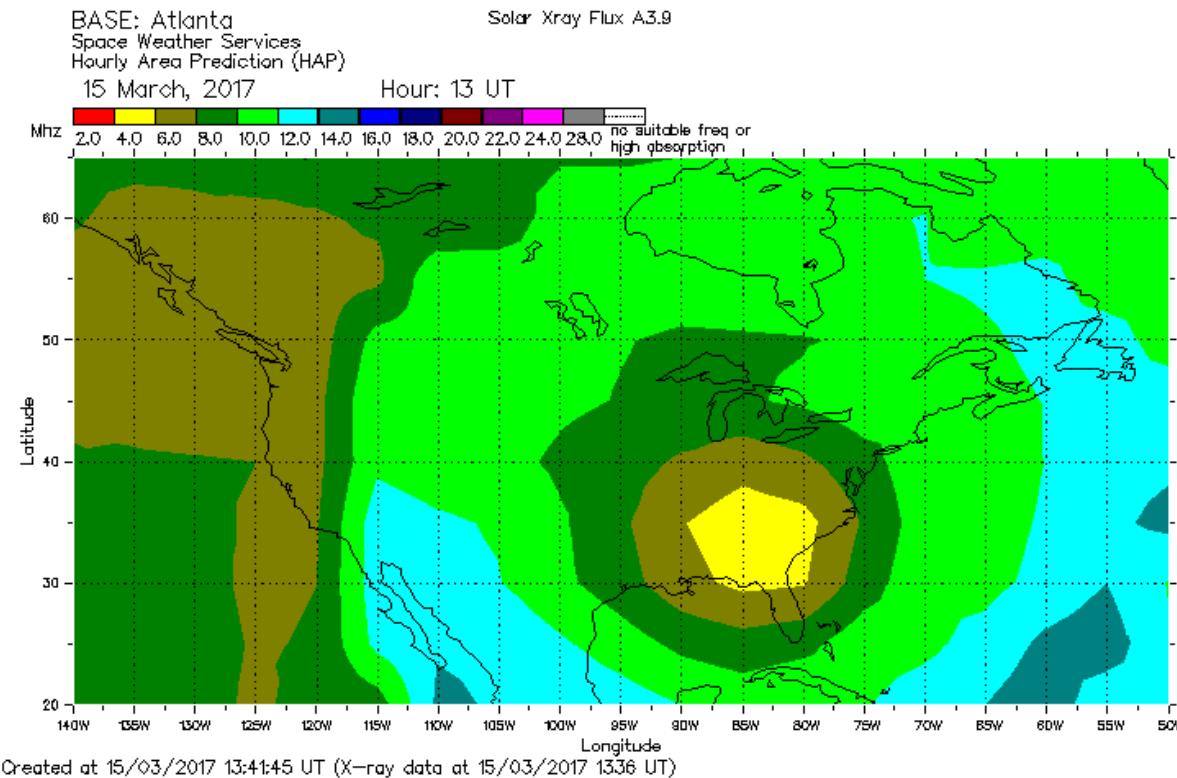
<u>Band (mode)</u>	<u>Result</u>
2-meters (FM)	No copy
40-meters (SSB)	No copy
60-meters (SSB)	59+ copy locally and also Indianapolis
80-meters (SSB)	52 copy locally
80-meters (CW)	599 copy locally



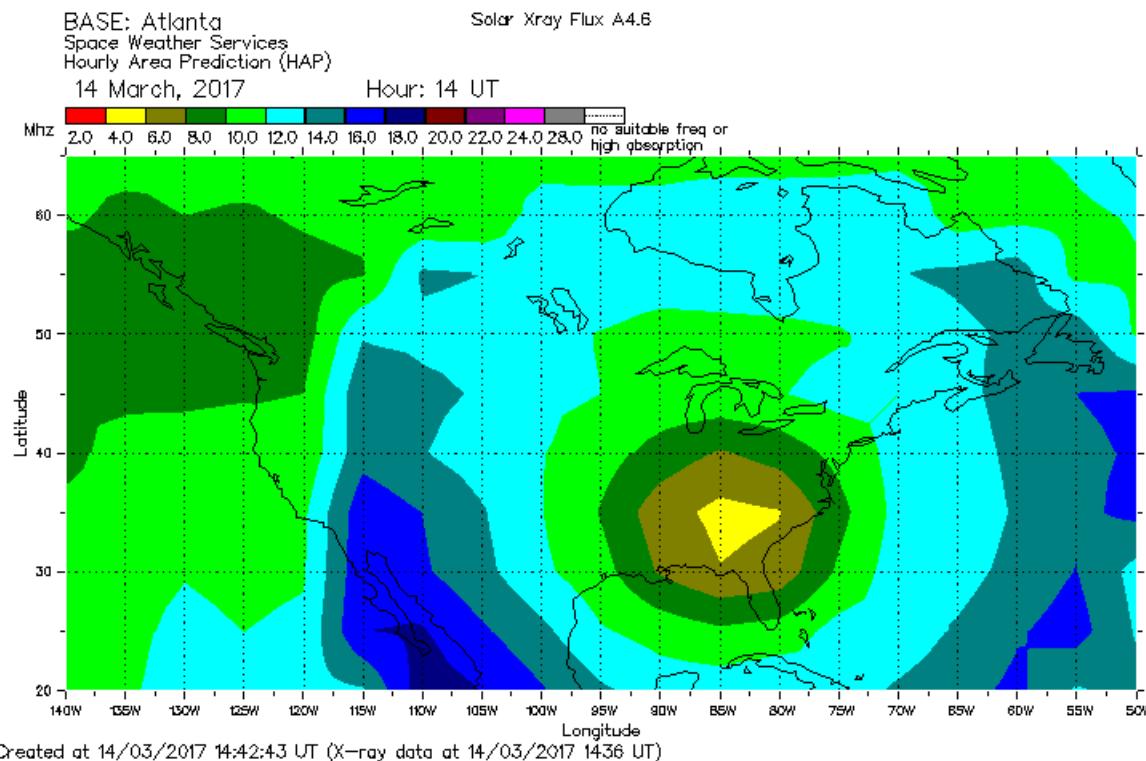
Reaching Further than NVIS



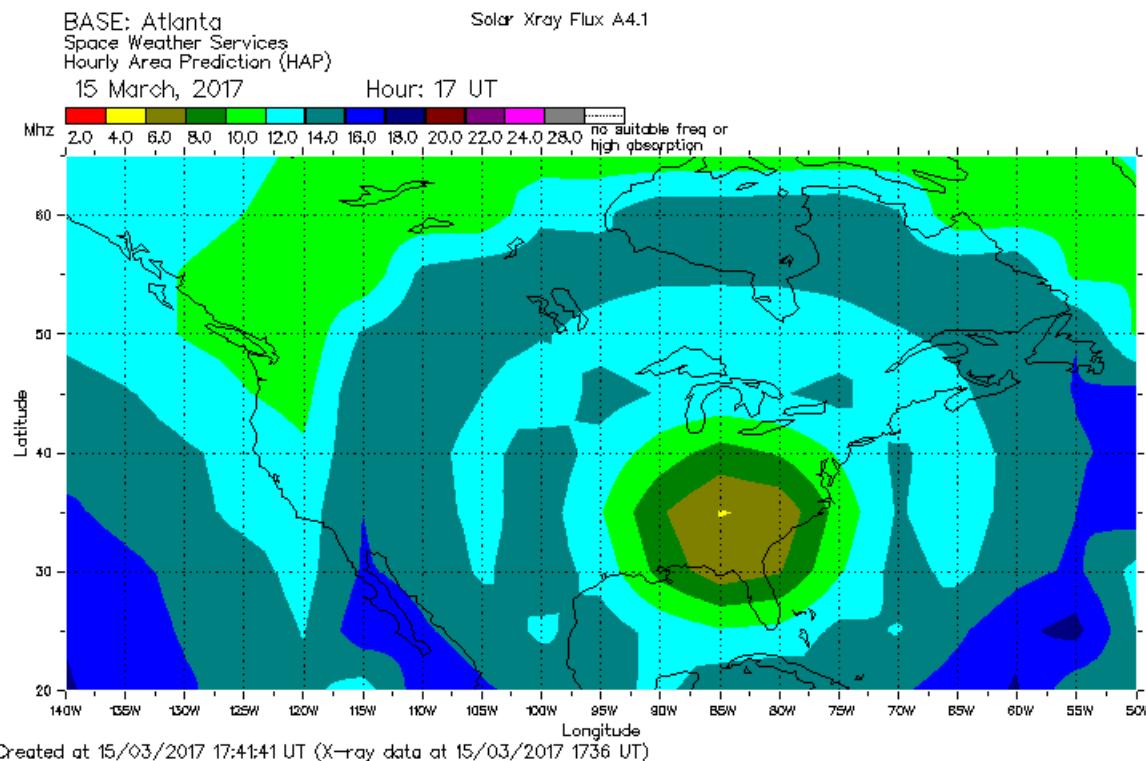
HAP Chart 13:00Z



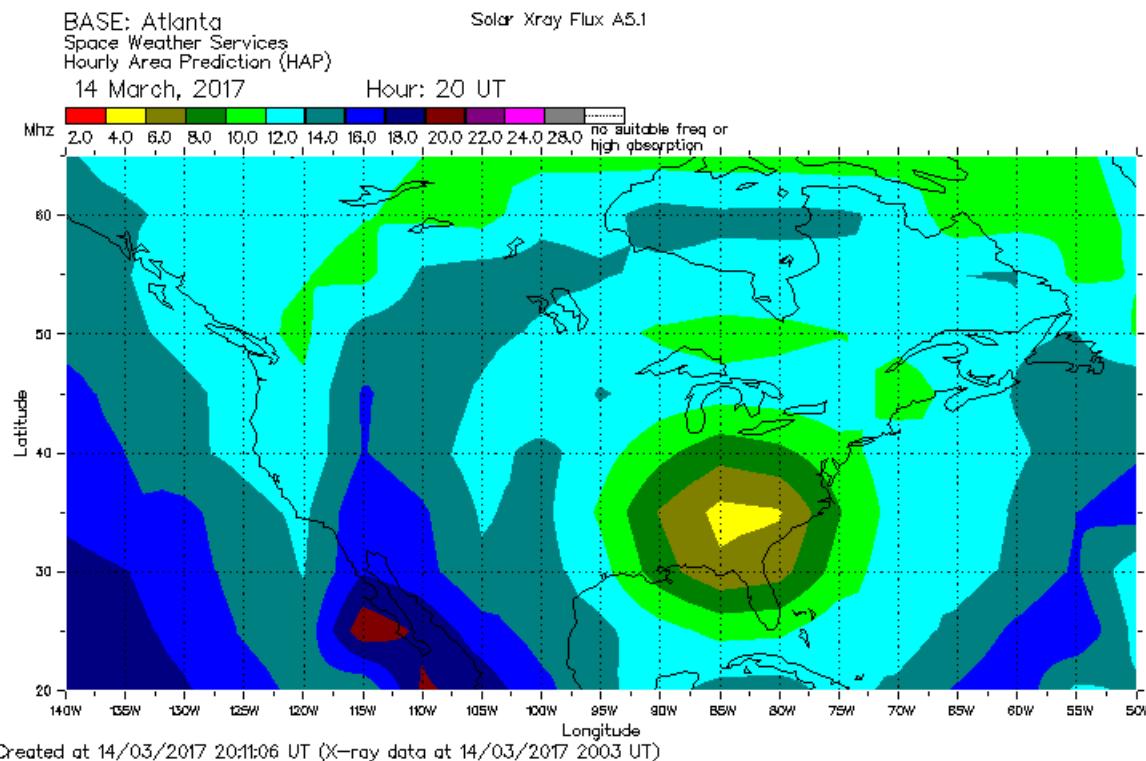
HAP Chart 14:00Z



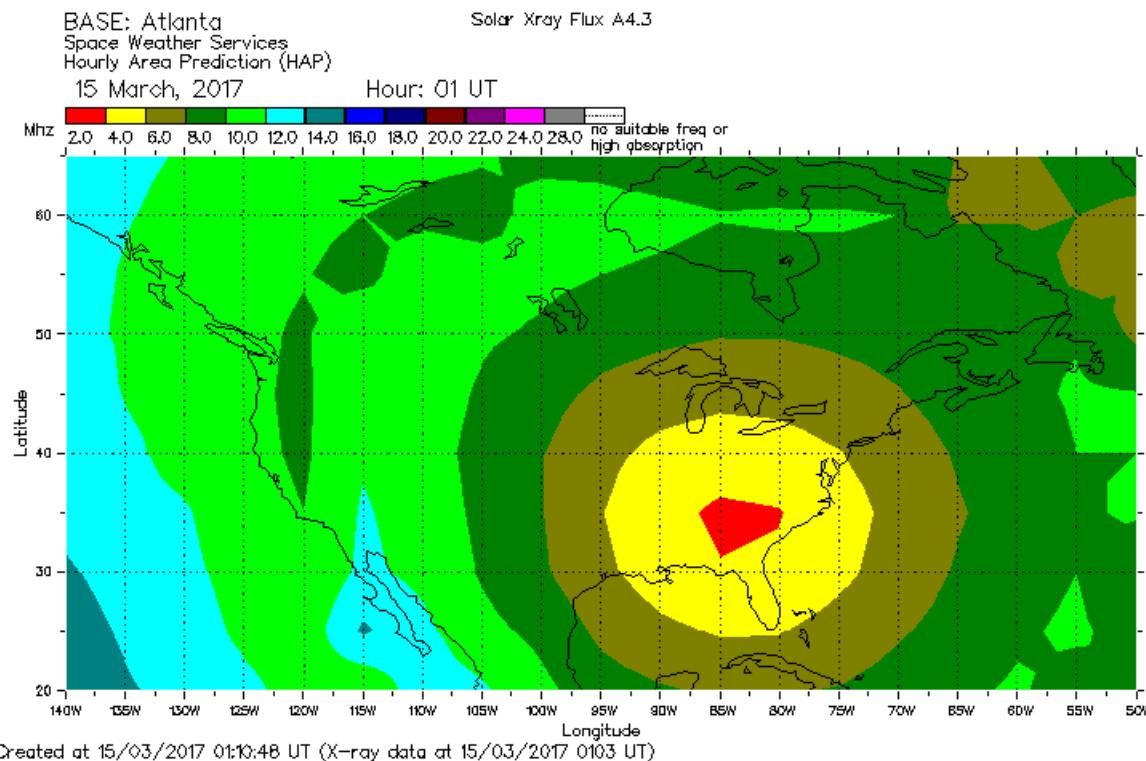
HAP Chart 17:00Z



HAP Chart 20:00Z



HAP Chart 01:00Z



Winter Field Day Scouting 28 Days in Advance

- ▶ 2017 Winter Field Day Propagation Data
December 31, 2016 - January 1, 2017
Collected by KB9DKR and KK4SW
- ▶ Reverse Beacon Tests:
100 watts power: 80-40-20-10M bands
30 watts power: 15M band
Antenna: Dipoles @~25ft
- ▶ Incidental Rag Chews:
1330Z, 40M, NJ, extreme QSB
1350Z, 80M, MI, extreme QSB
1920Z, 20M, FL, solid path
2227Z, 80M, TN, solid NVIS
0133Z, 40M, PA, solid
0500Z, 40M, AZ, QSB (logged by KK4SW, he also had solid Qs in IA and KS)

Notes: SFI-73, K-1 and zero spots. The Hourly Area Prediction charts didn't update after 2000Z. I will have to collect these again or we can use VOACAP to create custom predictions for different antennas.



Hourly Summary

Zulu RB Propagation Notes

- 19:00 20M favored, solid QSO FL, some 15M potential, shot at HI and AK
- 20:00 40M path to OH PA and NH, 20M okay, some 15M and 80M
- 21:00 40M path 20M path to west, some 80M and no 15M
- 22:00 40M, 20M path to west, 80M NVIS QSO Cookville, TN
- 23:00 40M, 80M and limited 20M
- 0:00 40M, 80M
- 1:00 80M short, 40M starts to go long w solid QSO PA, and 160M NVIS
- 2:00 80M short, 40M long and 160 NVIS
- 3:00
- 4:00 80M long, 40M long and 160 NVIS
- 5:00 40M long New Eng and west QSB QSO AZ, 80M long, 160 NVIS
- 6:00 40M long, 80M long, 160 NVIS
- 11:00 80M, 40M
- 12:00 40M, 80M
- 13:00 40M favored but QSB on NJ QSO, 20M starting to open and 80M closing and QSB on MI QSO
- 14:00 40M favored, 20M viable
- 15:00 40M, 20M
- 16:00 20M, 40M
- 17:00 20M favored, 40M okay and some 15M



Winter Field Day 2017 Sunday Morning (Reverse Beacon report, 5 watts)

<u>KO7SS</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043CW CQ [LoTW]	9 dB	17 wpm1432z 29 Jan
<u>K3PA</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043CW CQ [LoTW]	16 dB	16 wpm1432z 29 Jan
<u>K1TTT</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043CW CQ [LoTW]	15 dB	17 wpm1430z 29 Jan
<u>W2LB</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7042.9CW CQ [LoTW]	12 dB	17 wpm1429z 29 Jan
<u>K3LR</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043CW CQ [LoTW]	35 dB	17 wpm1428z 29 Jan
<u>VE2WU</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7038.4CW CQ [LoTW]	19 dB	17 wpm1428z 29 Jan
<u>WZ7I</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043CW CQ [LoTW]	36 dB	17 wpm1428z 29 Jan
<u>K9IMM</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043CW CQ [LoTW]	13 dB	17 wpm1428z 29 Jan
<u>VE3EID</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043CW CQ [LoTW]	17 dB	16 wpm1427z 29 Jan
<u>NY3A</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043CW CQ [LoTW]	28 dB	16 wpm1427z 29 Jan
<u>WE9V</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043.1CW CQ [LoTW]	18 dB	16 wpm1427z 29 Jan
<u>KM3T</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043CW CQ [LoTW]	13 dB	16 wpm1427z 29 Jan
<u>AA4VV</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043CW CQ [LoTW]	18 dB	16 wpm1427z 29 Jan
<u>AC0C</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043CW CQ [LoTW]	24 dB	16 wpm1427z 29 Jan
<u>K3PA</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043CW CQ [LoTW]	24 dB	16 wpm1427z 29 Jan
<u>W4KKN</u>	<u>N4FR</u>	7043CW CQ [LoTW]	29 dB	16 wpm1427z 29 Jan



Frequencies to Gauge Conditions

- ▶ With a couple of reference points, your HF receiver can provide the information needed to make a real-time prediction.
- ▶ Determine NVIS frequency as a initial benchmark and use W1AW and WWV as calibration points.
- ▶ W1AW (CW), about 1000 miles to the NE from Franklin, TN. Very frequent operating schedule: (MHz) 28.0675, 21.0675, 18.0975, 14.0475, 7.0475, 3.5815, 1.8025.
- ▶ WWV (AM), about 1000 miles to the West from Franklin, TN. 24-hour schedule: (MHz) 2.5, 5, 10, 15, 20.





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